Resyndication and Financing strategies, plus a California Update Today's speakers



Sonia Nayak Partner, Nixon Peabody LLP snayak@nixonpeabody.com



Edward J. Campbell General Counsel, WNC ECampbell@wncinc.com



Erik Chung Senior Acquisitions Associate, Community Preservation Partners

EChung@CPP-Housing.com





CPP

Community Preservation Partners Preservation Development 15,000 Units | 16 States | 150+ Communities

CREATIVITY | PERFORMANCE | PURPOSE



Resyndication is possible in California, but groups must be very selective in their target assets

- Two Groups
 - Developers who want to resyndicate their own assets
 - Developers who want to buy assets to resyndicate
- What to Choose: 4% LITHC and Private Activity Bonds vs 9% LIHTC
 - Must identify which funding resource, set-aside/pool, and tie-breaker score needed for an award
 - Understanding CTCAC and CDLAC priorities and targeting those assets



CTCAC and CDLAC Priorities for Resyndication

- Impact of the State Tax Credit
 - Private Activity Bonds set aside for New Construction Projects requesting State Tax Credits
- Importance of Preserving truly "At-Risk" low-income housing communities
 - Resyndication for non-at-risk affordable housing communities was almost non-existent from 2020 – Present
- Keeping Ear to the Ground and Noticing Trends
 - Round 3 2023 CDLAC and "Other Rehab" Pool
 - Potential Results of the 30% Test?

CREATIVITY | PERFORMANCE | PURPOSE



Importance of Public Input

- CTCAC and CDLAC host regular meetings throughout the year
 - New Construction industry does a GREAT job advocating their needs to both agencies so that they have a greater share of resources
 - Substantial Rehab industry needs to set up and push for a greater share of resources
 - HUD Section 8 properties are 40+ years old and need a substantial rehab
 - Change the "At-Risk" definition to include HUD properties that have a failing REAC
 - LIHTC deals built in the 1990s are approaching the end of the extended use period
 - 1 unit of New Construction means nothing if 1 Existing Unit becomes Market Rate



What if I can't Resyndicate my Project? What Options are available?

- Business Decision Asset to Asset
 - Deal is NOT in immediate need of Substantial Rehab
 - Continue to own and operate the property and provide capital to replace CAPEX items as needed
 - Renew the HAP contract (if applicable) on 5 year renewals or less to keep it "At-Risk"



What if I can't Resyndicate my Project? What Options are available?

- Business Decision Asset to Asset
 - Deal NEEDS an immediate Substantial Rehab
 - FHA Financing HUD 223f and HUD d4 Products
 - If less rehab is needed, then 223f is your best route
 - If greater rehab is required, then d4 is your best route
 - Associated Costs of d4
 - Davis-Bacon / Prevailing Wage Requirements and GC Selection
 - Inability to Rate Lock and Interest Rate Risk

CREATIVITY | PERFORMANCE | PURPOSE



What if I can't Resyndicate my Project? What Options are available?

- Business Decision Asset to Asset
 - Private Capital JV or Sell Outright
 - There has never been more private capital in the affordable housing industry
 - Can choose to sell your project outright or JV with a group to recapitalize your project